According to EC Regulation 1907/2006 Safety Data Sheet

Date of updating: Date of creation: 22.02.2016 16.04.2008



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

I rade name

MIKROCHELAT Zn-15

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Use not recommended: other than listed above. Production of the substance. Industrial use: intermediate in the synthesis of chemical building sector. Consumer uses: component of fertilisers and other consumer products. the chemical industry (including: as a laboratory reagent). Professional uses: fertiliser, in the products, component of mixtures (including: packaging and distribution), an auxiliary agent in

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: Intermag Sp. z o.o.

Phone number: +48 326455900 Address: Al. 1000-lecia 15G, 32-300 Olkusz, Poland

Fax number: +48 326427044

E-mail address (SDS): msds@intermag.pl E-mail address: intermag@intermag.pl

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 112

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified as hazardous

Not applicable. Hazard pictograms

Signal word

Not applicable. Hazard statements (H)

Not applicable

Precautionary statements (P)

Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid disodium zinc salt Name None 14025-21-9 237-865-0 CAS % by weight min. 80 Classification None 01-2119963942-27-0005 Registration number

The mixture does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII

safety data sheet If dangerous constituents are mentioned, the meaning of H phrases is given in clause 16 of the

SDS MIKROCHELAT Zn-15

Page 1 of 9

INTERMAG

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

this SDS. If health problems or doubts occur, always seek medical advice and show information given in

patency. If breathing is difficult, seek medical advice. Stop working and move to fresh air. In case of loss of consciousness maintain airways

soap. Wash the contaminated clothing before next use. In case of skin irritation seek medical In case of skin contact take off contaminated clothing, wash the affected skin with water and

Eye contact

wide open. In case of irritation seek oculist advice. contact, rinse the eyes immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 min keeping the lids If the victim wears contact lenses, they should be removed before washing. In case of eye

induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- No data available
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and specific treatment needed the affected person. Decision on suitable treatment should be made by the doctor after assessing the condition of

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- vicinity of the product. Unsuitable extinguishing media: dense water stream CO2, foams, water spray and other extinguishing media suitable for materials on fire in the
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
- toxic (carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides) Non-flammable under normal conditions. Products of decomposition and combustion may be

released to underground and surface water. disposed of in accordance to local regulations. Don't allow the contaminated water to be Use protective breathing equipment and full protective clothing. Fire residues should be

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- goggles, protective clothing). filter type A, protective gloves made of rubber or neoprene, protective goggles or tight-fitting closed space ensure effective ventilation. Use personal protective equipment (respirator with with released mixture. Avoid creating and inhaling vapor/mist. In the event of release in a liquidation of accident. Order the evacuation if necessary. Avoid direct and long-term contact Inform about the accident; remove from danger zone all persons not involved in the
- 6.2 Environmental precautions
- Prevent the entry of fertiliser into sewage system, groundwater and surface water and soil.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Collect the spilled product in a dry form to the marked and tightly sealed container. Wash out

the remains with water. Collect washings and use for fertilizing or for disposal

Personal protective equipment is specified in Section 8. Dispose of in accordance with the recommendations set out in Section 13

6.4 Reference to other sections

SDS MIKROCHELAT Zn-15 Page 2 of 9 INTERMAG

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

dust mask, goggles, gloves and protective clothing. contact. In case of eye contact- rinse with plenty of water, and seek medical advice. Wear Observe the rules of hygiene. Avoid creation and inhalation of dust. Avoid skin and eye Keep out of the reach of children. Don't ingest – in case of ingestion, seek medical advice.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

ventilated room. Prevent the containers from direct influence of weather conditions. The product is hygroscopic - store in original, tightly closed containers, in a in a cool, well-

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 8.1 Control parameters

EMPLOYEES

DNEL/DMEL through the skin

62500 mg/kg body mass /day

DNEL/DMEL through inhalation

CONSUMERS 30 mg/m3

DNEL/DMEL through the skin

31250 mg/kg body mass/day

DNEL/DMEL through inhalation

DNEL/DMEL ingestion

6.25 mg/kg body mass/day

PNEC for the freshwater environment

2.97 mg/L

PNEC for the marine environment

PNEC for water environment (temporary release)

1.1 mg/L

PNEC STP

66 mg/L

PNEC for sediment environment (freshwater)

It is not expected.

PNEC for sediment environment (seawater)

It is not expected.

PNEC for air

No data available.

PNEC for soil environment

0.21 mg/kg dry soil weight

and functional properties and ensure their proper cleaning, maintenance, repair and to ensure that the used personal protective equipment, clothing and shoes have protective emergency, if the concentration of the substance in the workplace is not known, use personal equipment should be made taking into account the concentration of the substance present in Note: When the concentration of the substance is known, the selection of personal protective protection measures recommended for the highest protection class. The employer is obliged the workplace, exposure time and the activities performed by the employee. In an

8.2 Exposure control

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

8.2.2 Personal protection measures such as individual protection equipment

8.2.2.1 Eye/face protection

8.2.2.2 Skin protection Tight fitting goggles

Protection of hands

polyvinyl chloride (thickness 0.5 mm) Protective gloves with a penetration time ≥ 8 hours, e.g. nitrile rubber (thickness 0.35 mm) or

Protective clothing.

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

mask. Under normal conditions with proper ventilation is not necessary. Otherwise - use a dust

8.2.2.4 Thermal hazards Not required.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Prevent entering a large amount of product to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Solid, white.

Odour

Almost without odour.

No data available. Odour treshold

 6.3 ± 0.5 (1% solution at 20°C)

Melting/freezing point

None, decomposition at 263°C.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

None, decomposition at 263°C

Flash point

Not applicable, solid.

Not applicable, non-volatile substance. Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas) The substance is not flammable.

Upper Explosive Limit

Not applicable.

Lower Explosive Limit

Vapor pressure Not applicable.

Not applicable, non-volatile substance.

Vapor density

Not applicable, non-volatile substance.

Bulk density

650 ± 50 kg/m3 (at 20°C)

Page 4 of 9

Viscosity Not applicable, solid No data available. Decomposition temperature 315°C at 1013 hPa Auto-ignition temperature log Kow (Pow): -10.32 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Solubility in water

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

9.2 Other data

The mixture is not oxidizing. Oxidizing properties Explosive properties

The mixture is not explosive.

10.1 Reactivity

The product is not reactive under normal conditions

10.2 Chemical stability

No reactivity under normal storage conditions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

They are not expected under normal storage conditions

10.4 Conditions to avoid

High temperature.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with the aluminum and copper under conditions of high humidity/water.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

high temperature decomposes with emission of harmful carbon oxides and nitrogen oxides Under normal use conditions no hazardous decomposition products. Under the influence of

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Acute toxicity

Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met

LD50 rat, oral: >2000 mg/kg (OECD 423)

LD50 rat, inhalation: > 5.16 mg/L/4h (OECD 436, substance tested: Cu EDTA 2Na)

LC50 rat, skin: >2000 mg/kg (OECD 402, substance tested: Fe EDTA NH4).

11.1.2 Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met. The tests conducted in accordance with the OECD Guidelines No 439 showed no irritation to the skin

11.1.3 Serious eye damage/irritation

accordance with the OECD Guidelines No 437 showed no serious eye irritation Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met. The tests conducted in

11.1.4 Respiratory or skin sensitization

substances with similar chemical structure. conducted for the substance, assessment was conducted on the basis of transferring data for Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met. The tests have not been

SDS MIKROCHELAT Zn-15 Page 5 of 9 INTERMAG SDS MIKROCHELAT Zn-15

11.1.5 Germ cell mutagenicity

substances with similar chemical structure. conducted for the substance, assessment was conducted on the basis of transferring data for Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met. The tests have not been

11.1.6. Carcinogenicity

substances with similar chemical structure. conducted for the substance, assessment was conducted on the basis of transferring data for Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met. The tests have not been

11.1.7 Reproductive toxicity

substances with similar chemical structure. conducted for the substance, assessment was conducted on the basis of transferring data for Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met. The tests have not been

11.1.8 STOT-single exposure

substances with similar chemical structure. conducted for the substance, assessment was conducted on the basis of transferring data for Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met. The tests have not been

11.1.9 STOT-repeated exposure

substances with similar chemical structure. conducted for the substance, assessment was conducted on the basis of transferring data for Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met. The tests have not been

11.1.10 Aspiration hazard

Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met

11.1.11 Other information

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Based on the available data the classification criteria are not met

LC50, 96 h, fish Bluegill fish: 685 mg/L

EC50, algae: 667 mg/L (calculation based on test results for similar substance) EC50, invertebrates: 110 mg/L (calculation based on test results for similar substance)®

12.2 Persistence and degradability

soil type and pH. possible with the use of isolated strains of bacteria. Biodegradation in the soil depends on the The substance is not hydrolyzed and is not easily biodegradable. Easy biodegradation is only

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

bioaccumulation. on fish using radiolabeled EDTA, it can be concluded that the substance has a low potential for Based on an estimated log Koc = 1, and on the results of bioconcentration factor (BCF 1.1-1.8)

Due to the high water solubility and low potential for adsorption, the

groundwater. Due to changes in the pH of surface waters and the combined processes of substance does not accumulate in the soil and is washed into surface waters and photodegradation and biodegradation of all salts of EDTA eventually disappear in surface

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not meet the criteria of PBT and vPvB (Log Kow ≤ 4.5)

12.6 Other adverse effect

Don't allow the product to be released in a large amount to sewage system and underground and surface water.

Page 6 of 9 INTERMAG

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

into sewage system and underground and surface water. Do not dispose in landfill sites. packages may be recycled. Do not mix with other waste. to the local regulations concerning environmental protection. Only completely emptied Do not dispose together with municipal solid waste. Prevent the product from being released Consider the possibility of utilization. Dispose/recycle the product and the package according

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not subject to.

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not subject to

14.4 Packing group

14.5 Environmental hazards

Does not pose a threat to the environment

14.6 Special precautions for users

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not subject to.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and 1272/2008 Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council (EC) of 16 December

packaging of substances and mixtures No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and for the purposes of its adaptation to technical and scientific progress, Regulation (EC) 790/2009 Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council (EC) of 10 August 2009

the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, 2015/830 Commission Regulation of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of

Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

2008/98 Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives

94/62 Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste.

of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances 2012/18 Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on the control

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Conducted. The substance is not classified in hazards categories, and therefore there is no need to perform the Chemical Safety Report and exposure scenarios

SECTION 16: Other information

use of product according to the valid regulations. The information in this SDS relates only to the described product and is based on our current knowledge, experience and may not be comprehensive. The end user is responsible for the

SDS MIKROCHELAT Zn-15

INTERMAG

sheet were subjected to changes complement of the data arising from the full registration of substance. All sections of the Adjustment of SDS to the requirements of the Commission Regulation EC 2015/830 and

safety and environmental protection regulations of packaging, waste regulations especially taking into account health protection Train in accordance with valid regulations: safety and health regulations, fire regulations,

H-Statements

Explanation of acronyms and abbreviations

Met. Corr. - Substance or mixture corrosive to metals

Acute Tox. – Acute toxicity

Skin Corr. - Skin corrosion

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

Eye Irrit. – Serious eye irritation Eye Dam. – Serious eye damage

Resp. Sens. - Respiratory sensitization

Skin Sens. – Skin sensitization Muta. – Germ cell mutagenicity

Carc. - Carcinogenicity

Repr. – Reproductive toxicity

STOT SE – Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

STOT RE - Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard

Aquatic Acute – Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

Aquatic Chronic – Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic

Ozone – Hazardous for the ozone layer

Lact. – Reproductive toxicity, additional category, effect or impact on lactation

TLV-TWA – Threshold limit value- - Time weighted average

TLV-STEL – Threshold limit value - Short-term exposure limit

TLV-C – Threshold limit value - Ceiling limit

vPvB – very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration PBT – Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic

LD50 – Median lethal dose DN(M)EL – Derived No (Minimal) Effect Level

LC50 - Median lethal concentration

ECX - Concentration showing x % Effect

LOEC - Lowest Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL - NOEL No Observed Effect Level

RID – Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

ADR – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ICAO/IATA – International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

ADN – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

UVCB – Substances of Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex reaction products or

Biological Materials

SDS MIKROCHELAT Zn-15

INTERMAG

Sources used to Safety Data Sheet preparation
Website of the European Chemicals Agency (www.echa.eu), raw material safety data sheets,
website of the office of Chemical Substances (www.chemikalia.gov.pl).